

Year 7 Unit 5 Percentages

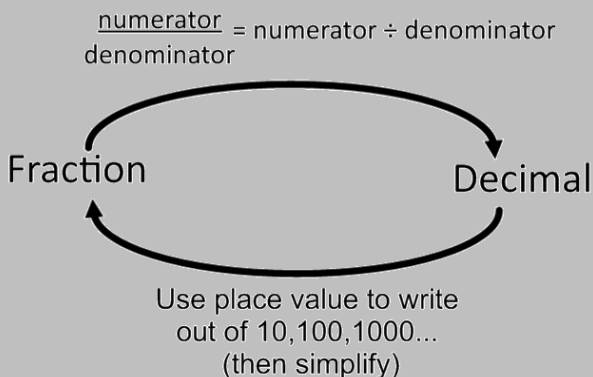
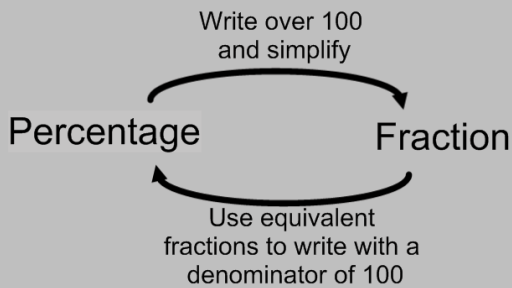
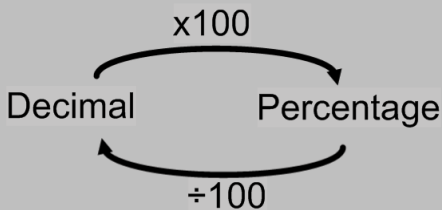
COMMON FDP CONVERSIONS

fraction	decimal	percentage
$\frac{1}{2}$	0.5	50%
$\frac{1}{4}$	0.25	25%
$\frac{3}{4}$	0.75	75%
$\frac{1}{10}$	0.1	10%

COMMON PERCENTAGES

percentage	parts per 100, symbol %
find 10%	divide by 10 (because $100\% \div 10 = 10\%$)
find 1%	divide by 100 (because $100\% \div 100 = 1\%$)
find 50%	divide by 2 (because $100\% \div 2 = 50\%$)
find 25%	divide by 4 (because $100\% \div 4 = 25\%$)
find 75%	add together 50% and 25%

FDP CONVERSIONS



KEY CONCEPTS

percentages	out of 100
proportion	an amount of a whole can be fractions, decimals or percentages

PERCENTAGE CALCULATIONS

multiplier	a percentage written as a decimal
percentage increase	adding a percentage to the original amount
percentage increase non-calc	find the percentage using box method, then add it on to the original amount
percentage increase calc	multiplier method: use 1.__ and multiply by original
percentage decrease	subtracting a percentage from the original amount
percentage decrease non-calc	find the percentage using box method, then subtract it from the original amount
percentage decrease calc	multiplier method: do 100 - % to give 0.__ and multiply by original

INTEREST

principal	the starting amount
simple interest	the same amount is added each year 1. find the percentage 2. x by years 3. add on
compound interest	exponential growth, accumulated interest paid on the original amount, each year a larger amount of interest is paid. final total = principal x multiplier ⁿ principal = original / starting amount multiplier = % increase / decrease n = number of time periods (per annum = per year)